

FIGURING FOR TWENTY DAYS.

Comparative Statements of the Vote on the Constitutional Amendment.

CALCULATIONS OF HIS FRIENDS.

Washington's Birthday Generally Quiet at Lincoln Except in Real Estate—Prohibitionists Want a Charter Amendment

[FROM THE BEE'S LINCOLN BUREAU.] Monday and Yesterday were both lazy ones around the state house. The only members of the legislature discernible were Senators Conger and Fuller and Representative Nichol. In the office of the secretary of state two or three men were discussing the probability of twenty more days of the legislature. One contended that the 3,392 votes which are needed to carry the amendment will be secured without any trouble. Another was extremely doubtful and the third was sure that the new counting would not be accomplished in time to affect this legislature.

The total number of votes cast, according to the returns made last November for the amendment was 67,712. The votes cast against it numbered 32,236. This made a total of 87,948. Coupled with the comparison of the totals in the following comparison of the vote in counties is taken from the abstract which was obtained in the office of the secretary:

Adams County—Governatorial vote, 3,292; amendment vote, 2,217.
Douglas County—Governatorial vote, 9,238; amendment vote, 1,735.
Lancaster County—Governatorial vote, 6,834; amendment vote, 5,674.
Saunders County—Governatorial vote, 5,291; amendment vote, 4,127.
These are samples of the returns, although in some counties the proportion returned for the amendment is even smaller than in Douglas county, and in Woodbury county, a total of 392 votes, no return on the amendment was made at all. The hopes of the gentlemen who believe that the recount will show the amendment to have received a constitutional majority are based upon figures of which the above are samples and also the fact that there were no regular "against the amendment" tickets except those printed with Senator Van Wyck's name, and which both for and against were printed. It is also stated that in many instances the clerks and judges of election did not count the amendment votes unless the voter had written "yes" or "no" on the ticket which had "for the amendment" upon it.

The clerks of Adams, Seward, Lancaster, Burt, Sarpy and Washington counties sent in the election poll books to-day. The boxes will not be opened until the committee contemplated by the bill—two senators and three representatives—are appointed to-morrow. The figures on the comparative returns on the vote and amendment vote returned from these counties:
Adams—State vote, 3,292; amendment, 2,217.
Seward—State vote, 2,953; amendment, 1,957.
Lancaster—State vote, 6,834; amendment, 5,674.
Burt—State vote, 1,629; amendment, 1,191.
Sarpy—State vote, 1,977; amendment, 799.
Washington—State vote, 1,947; amendment, 1,322.

THE WARD BOUNDARIES.
Yesterday being a legal holiday the banks closed, the public schools were not in session and business was quiet at the state house and at the county offices. The district court was not in session, the county court celebrated the day, and work was light at work except at the noon hour. All these business respites tended to a general quiet time except in the real estate line, which boomed on as usual. The head-quarters of real estate agents were to be at Eleventh and O streets, and it is a quiet time when a lady can get through the crowd of curb-stone brokers in front of the Pacific express office. Several important real estate transfers were made yesterday despite the holiday.

A good deal of discussion is being indulged in over the question of the ward boundaries under the new charter. The trouble seems to be that the temperance people are suspicious that the mayor and council who, under the provisions of the charter, will have the power of dividing the wards, will so divide them that four of them will be on lines so that the temperance people cannot hope to carry them, and which would give the anti-prohibitionists of the twelve councilmen. Some of the prohibitors claim that a division of this kind is to be made in order that a force sufficient in the council will be created so that they can repeal the black closing ordinance can be repealed and the one making the closing hours of sample rooms 12 o'clock be substituted instead. These parties claim that, as the charter now in the hands of the legislature reads, it gives the mayor and council power or the discretion to make the ward divisions regardless of the population located in the wards and the amount of territory covered. The prohibitors claim the pending charter amended so that the mayor and council must divide the wards as near equal in population and territory as possible, at least approximating that way. Then the prohibitors claim that the spring campaign with fire in their eyes and blood on the moon.

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.
Real estate agents have reached the stage where one dealer is the rival of another, and the common speculator who cannot raise the wherewith for advance payments on lots ventures his all on a sixty-day option deal, and they seem to make money at it too money. The deals yesterday was the purchase by A. C. Cass of the Heppner lot on Eighth and O street for a consideration of \$20,000. On this lot a four-story brick block is being erected a substantial brick block in the spring that will be in keeping with the wholesale houses in that locality. Yesterday John Kelley purchased a lot on N and Fourteenth streets for \$8,500. He sold two weeks ago for just \$2,000 less.

TWO WEDDINGS.
To-day Mr. C. H. Inhoff, cashier of the Union Savings Bank, and Miss Grace Douglas, sister of Mrs. I. M. Raymond, will be united in marriage in the midst of the congratulations of hosts of relatives, friends and acquaintances. The event has been predicted for some time and awaited with pleasure.

Mr. James Murphy, assistant roadmaster on the B. & M., with headquarters at Wymore, and a popular man with the company, is to be married to-day to Miss Eva Dodd, of Wymore, in the presence of their many mutual friends. A good many congratulations will go down from this vicinity.

SENATORS HOLMES and Colby are both again in Lincoln. The former is still in a critical condition and his friends are desirous to return home. Colby's stumps have partially disappeared and the adamant quality of his cheek again appears unphased. Representative Barrett is home, in

CUMING COUNTY, AND SLOWLY RECOVERING FROM HIS ILLNESS.

The Foldings are giving a week's entertainment, a season of comedy drama at the People's and they are attracting large audiences who do not fail to appreciate the excellent work of the company. Judge Mason and Major Frickey have been expected home the last two days, but they are snowbound in Colorado up in the vicinity of their mining claims. Mr. Burnham, of Portland, Me., is in the city consulting in regard to the establishment of a strictly corn canning establishment. The location for the works is selected in Lincoln.

L. M. Tyler, of Douglas, Wyo., has arrived in Lincoln to take the agency of the Elkhorn line in Lincoln, vice D. M. Philbin, resigned. A fire alarm at 2 a. m. yesterday called the fire department to the vicinity of P and Eighteenth street, where the raging fury of the flames was discovered in a small building of no value. The arrest of the young man from Iowa who was wanted for a \$150 forgery, was the only item floating around police circles yesterday.

ROMANCE OF THE MINES.

The Early Days of Mrs. Mackay and the Present Princess of Colonne. St. Louis Republican: "This is indeed a peculiar world," said a mining expert at the Planter's house yesterday. "Here I pick up the papers and read of Mrs. Mackay's doings in Paris—how she receives the honors of royalty, how she entertains, how she appears at the opera, how she dresses, and how she does a thousand other things; and then I can scarcely conceive that eighteen years ago she kept boarding-houses in Virginia City and that I was one of her boarders. Yet it is true, and I often ponder over it. She was a young widow then, with an interesting child who has since matured into a young lady and was recently married to an Italian prince of some kind. That little girl has often set on my knee with a little tin can in her hand which contained the contributions of her admirers. In those days we lived principally on canned food, and Mrs. Mackay's back yard was paved with tin cans. The child had selected a very pretty can, which one of the boarders transformed into a bank. This was partly filled with coin, the result of a tribute which she levied on her friends. She would climb on the boarders' knees, and shaking the little bank would say, 'Is you money to-day?' This query had the desired effect, and the bank receipts were increased. Even in her days of distress Mrs. Mackay was a good woman, and normally superintended affairs and made her boarders as comfortable as possible. I was then a superintendent under Fair, and Mackay was already a millionaire. Mining stock was the rage then, and remember often how she would come to me and some of the other boarders and ask our advice about certain stocks, and I am happy to say that the advice I gave her was good, and I still have it. I would now be \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000 better off than I am.

Then Mackay took a shine to the widow, and being reputed one of the wealthiest men in the country, and a smooth sailing. He couldn't win on his shape nor his beauty, for everybody who has seen Mackay knows that he wouldn't take a prize in a congress of beauty. They were married, and the little girl no longer sat on the miners' knees, and mamma's delicate hand no longer placed cornmeal and cabbage on miners' plates. They rose faster than Sheridan stock did last summer, the only difference being that their rise was backed by hard coin. The great Comstock lode continued to pour forth its riches, and Mackay and his partner became immensely wealthy. Although reared in poor circumstances, Mrs. Mackay showed her good sense by securing a private tutor, by whom she drilled and educated for five years. The little daughter was put through the same course and fitted to shine in the most cultivated society of the old world. Then came the congestion in New York, San Francisco, finally the trips to Europe. A year ago I was in Paris and one day attended a performance at the Grand Opera house. It was a first night, and prominent in a private box were two ladies decked with diamonds and furs, and wearing the same. They had wrought its changes. The young lady with her was the little girl who used to play on my knee. As I stood looking at them, I noticed a flashing light in the eye of the woman, and the delicious music, I could not help recalling something of "Some one who breathed high water, Swam the North Fork and all that. Just to dance with old Follansbee's daughter. The Lilly of Poverty Flat."

Can consumption be cured? Yes. One man only, discovered the laws of gravitation. One man only, discovered the virtue of vaccination. And one man after years of study and reflection, has discovered the cure for consumption. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is his speciality. Send two letters, stamped and addressed to Dr. J. C. Rensselaer, 215 Broadway, New York, N. Y., for a pamphlet on consumption. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Value of London Land. Court Journal: It has been ascertained, with regard to the Imperial Institute, that the site of about five acres recently secured for the new admiralty and war offices is valued at \$280,000, or rather over \$100,000 per acre; that now located in Chancery street, one man after India office, is less than an acre, and would cost at least \$125,000; probably another acre might be secured by private contract, so that the value of a limited site in this position would not be less than \$250,000. It has been suggested that a single acre not far from Charing Cross might be obtained for \$224,000. Two and a half acres on the Thames embankment have been offered for \$400,000 and it is stated that six acres may be procured from Christ's hospital at \$200,000. Another good central position has been suggested, consisting of two and a half acres, which has been valued at \$208,000. Even if a reduced price were accepted, no site in that direction is for \$200,000 less than a quarter of a million. This explanation is offered for falling back on the site which belongs to the commissioners of the exhibition of 1881.

The President of the New York State Senate. For expediting legislative business, Edmund L. Pitts, the president of the New York state senate, stands almost without a peer. Such a place as he holds is a most trying one and requires great power of endurance. One of Mr. Pitts' ablest supporters will be seen in his letter given below: STATE OF NEW YORK, SENATE CHAMBER. I have used Alcock's Porous Plaster in my family for the past five years and can truthfully say they are a valuable remedy and effect great cures. I would not be without it in my house. In several instances given some to friends suffering with weak and lame backs, and they have invariably afforded certain and speedy relief. They cannot be too highly commended. EDWARD L. PITTS.

HE HAD BEEN HANGED ONCE.

Case of Theodore Baker Under Sentence of Death in New Mexico.

HOW IT FEELS TO BE LYNCHED.

The Killing of Frank Uhrh—Results of a Wife's Unfaithfulness—An Effort to Save a Condemned Neck.

Friends of Theodore Baker, now confined in the penitentiary at Santa Fe, N. M., under sentence of death for the murder of a man in East Colfax county, that territory, think it particularly hard that he should be compelled to mount the gallows. The territorial supreme court has just rendered a decision in his case affirming the sentence of death, and fixing the date of his execution during February. The prisoner's friends will see if they cannot get the case before the United States supreme court, on the ground that Baker was wrongfully hanged for the crime, and that the proposed hanging him again is in violation of the constitution of the United States, which declares that a man shall not be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense.

BAKER'S CRIME. was the killing of Frank Uhrh, a little more than a year ago. Uhrh was a surveyor, and Baker had been asked by him to look after a certain tract of land on a ranch while the latter was absent. In this way Baker and Mrs. Uhrh struck up an intimacy which lasted for some time. Concerning the denunciation there are conflicting stories. One says that a man saw that Uhrh attacked Baker and that the shooting was in self-defense. Neighboring ranchers assert, however, that the liaison was notorious, and that Baker told the woman he had murdered once threatened to make away with Uhrh. The position in which the body of the murdered man was found, and the facts that bullet marks in the wall of the room indicated that the bullet had entered from one side, also served to fix guilt upon Baker. The prisoner is a young man of more than the ordinary intelligence, and the woman who is now in jail at Springer awaiting trial at the territorial supreme court, was in appearance. As soon as Baker was placed under arrest he was conveyed to Springer where

HE WAS SEIZED BY A TROOP of soldiers, and lynched before he could be put in jail. Murders had been of frequent occurrence in that vicinity, and it was enough for the crowd to know that the officers had a man that was with a crime. It is not probable that one in ten who participated in the lynching of Baker knew anything about the circumstances of the crime with which he was charged. Having returned to the regulation style to the limb of a tree and fastened the loose end of the rope to the trunk, the mob watched the dangling body for a few minutes and then left the spot, dividing up the property of the man who had been hanged. The lynchings of the town, where the incident created only a passing sensation. While the lynching was going on the sheriff was watching affairs near by, and as soon as he saw the crowd he called out to the hanging form and cut it down. With the assistance of a deputy he carried the body to the back door of the jail, and on entering that building and giving orders not to disturb the man, he proceeded with the assistance of a physician, to revive his prisoner. Baker had been

HANGING BY THE NECK for ten minutes, and was taken down, and at least fifteen minutes more elapsed before the sheriff had him in jail. All this time the prisoner was unconscious and apparently lifeless. But the sheriff went to work on him with a saw and after half an hour of rubbing and the application internally and externally of spirits, he was rewarded by seeing the man who had been hanged open his eyes and look around him. All that night the sheriff never left his charge for a minute, and by morning of the next day he had Baker sufficiently revived to be marched with regularity, and to eat in a medicinal way. Thus far no one in Springer knew of the recovery, except the sheriff, his deputy and the doctor, and it was decided that the matter should be kept until Baker could be removed to Santa Fe for safe keeping. This was accomplished during the following week, and the man who had been hanged on the gallows was placed under the care of competent physicians there. At first Baker could not talk at all, but gradually his thoughts became collected, and he began to speak. He told his visitors his sensations as he was hanging to the limb from which he had been loosely swung. For six months he suffered intensely from pains in the head and from dizziness, and sometimes becoming almost deranged, being unconscious of his surroundings. During these periods he would live over again his experience at a rope's end, and on recovering he would be depressed and gloomy. He tried the facts as to his previous execution were ignored, though half a dozen men from Springer were present and ready to swear that the man had been hanged once for the murder of Uhrh. The identification of the prisoner was complete, of course, but no amount of testimony will ever satisfy the jury, and the man now in custody is the one that they lynched. Among the most active friends of the prisoner now are the men who helped to hang him, and if they have any influence he will not again go to the rope.

Although under the decision of the territorial supreme court Baker must hang, it is the general belief that he will be respited for the next day, and his friends time to make some efforts in his behalf. Travelers should be prepared for the changes of weather; the effect of exposure by providing themselves with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. A Nashville doctor's prescription for a lady suffering with neuralgia: A new bonnet, a cashmere shawl, a pair of gaiter boots, and a bottle of Bull's Cough Syrup. A lady recovered immediately of course.

A VERY TOUGH TOWN.

Brother McWhacker's Experience in a Mining Camp. San Francisco Post: "Livermore is about as hard a town as ever I struck," said the Rev. Joel McWhacker, of Tombstone, addressing Court Smith at the Palace last evening. "Arizona is pretty tough, but Livermore was the toughest I was up there preaching Sunday, and when I looked over the collection, after service, I found a counterfeit silver dollar on the plate. It was recognized by a man who informed me that he had twice returned it to Judge Downey, an aged lawyer of the place. According to the deacon, the judge had for months been trying to work it off, whenever a new preacher held forth. I at once went in search of Judge Downey. He instantly acknowledged the crime, and seemed quite ashamed about it. 'It's a bad dollar, parson,' he said, 'but anyway it's as good as your sermon.' He positively refused to give me a good dollar for the speulmark. 'If it wasn't Sunday, I said, 'I'd take it out of your hide.' 'But as it is Sunday,' he says, 'what are you going to do about it?' 'Out of respect to the day,' says I, 'I'll compromise. Give me a good dollar and I'll treat.' 'I like your style,' says he, 'and it's a go.' So he gave me a good dollar

and we adjourned to the leading saloon. We had the drinks, and I laid down the bad dollar. It's to go to the wrong keeper—a very large man—showing it back to me. 'My dear friend,' said I, 'you must be mistaken. I received that coin not an hour ago from Judge Downey. Makes no difference to me who owns it,' said the barkeeper, glaring at both of us; 'there's a quarter comin' to me, an' if it don't come quick I'll be trouble right here.' 'Why, certainly,' says I, 'pushing the bad dollar to the judge, who trembled a little and put it in his pocket. Then he handed out a good dollar, and the barkeeper threw down six bits on the counter, which I took in. Here says the judge, 'what's that for?' Then he says, 'Excuse me,' says I, 'but where do I come in?' I leave it to the barkeeper if you didn't just take the dollar I put down.' 'Well, Count,' chuckled Brother McWhacker, 'you ought to have seen the countenance of that lawyer. It just beamed with admiration. He came along the depot to see me, and my hand till it ached, and insisted on having my address, vowing that when he came to 'Frisco he'd hunt me up and we'd have a good time together.' He'll tell you when he comes up, and you'll stand in. What's the stock market been doing while I've been away?'

The Spring Boom in Franklin. FRANKLIN, Neb., Feb. 21.—[Correspondence of the BEE.]—Franklin, in common with many other towns, is preparing for a big boom in the spring. Property is changing hands, houses are going up and one sagacious speculator is buying up every corner lot he can get hold of. Several brick blocks are talked of. One by the academy will be used as a business college. The academy proposes to raise \$35,000 for enlarging and starting on next year with its new department, a business college, a regular normal under a Valparaiso man of successful experience, and a conservatory of music. You will probably hear more of this later. The principal means business and business results may be expected.

Rheumatism is primarily caused by acidity of the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and thus cures the disease. Jack Franklin, an old colored porter in a Louisville tobacco warehouse, was sent into the cellar to remove a pile of dirt that had been long accumulating. While he was at the job he noticed a battered army canteen, very heavy. He broke it open and found \$362.50 in nickels, dime paper quarters and half dollars, gold dollars and \$5 gold pieces. No one knows whose the money was, and the old man is richer than he ever expected to be.

David Meredith, of Rich Valley, Ind., who has always supposed that he was a full-blooded Hoosier, recently discovered that he had Cherokee Indian blood in his veins. He at once applied for the annuities and privileges accorded members of his tribe and he just returned from a trip to Vinita, L. T., where he selected a liberal slice of choice lands, and he has received a patent for the property from United States Commissioner Atkins.

Complexion Powder is an absolute necessity of the refined toilet in this climate. Pozzoni's combines every element of beauty and purity. Thomas M. Davis, of Milford, has probably the oldest sleigh in Delaware. In 1775 his grandfather, Mark Davis, went to Philadelphia and bought a gig. The gig was used by one or two generations of his descendants. Recently it was changed into a sleigh, and the gig wheel was substituted by a wooden wheel in shape with the latest style of sleigh of 1887.

William G. Lee, of Upper Alton, Mo., was at dinner the other day with his wife and a grandchild when there came a terrific clap of thunder, followed by a lightning bolt which struck the roof of the house, and thirty-nine panes of glass broken in the house, but as there was no evidence that the bolt entered the room, it is thought that he was killed by the concussion. She has the complexion of a peach, Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder did it. Sold by all druggists.

A German paper says that with a funnel of thick millia paper about sixteen inches long and six inches wide at the mouth, the smaller end being put into the opening of the receiver, one may talk in whispers through the telephone. Illinois whisky is dangerous stuff, even in the bottle. An Odia physician bought a flask for medicinal purposes and set it on the table for a moment. It exploded with a bang, the bottle was shattered and the liquor, where it fell on the table cloth, burned it like acid.

A French physician, who holds that groaning and crying are operations by which nature allays anguish, tells of a man who reduced his pulse from 120 to 30 in the course of a few hours by giving full vent to his emotion. If people are unhappy about anything he advises them to go into their rooms and comfort themselves with a loud boo-hoo.

A bill has been introduced into the Tennessee legislature offering to the United States the Hermitage farm, famous as the home of Andrew Jackson, as an asylum for disabled and invalid soldiers. The bill provides that Mrs. Sarah Jackson, the adopted daughter of Old Hickory, shall be allowed a home and maintenance upon the farm for life.

Advertisement for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, featuring an image of the product bottle and text describing its benefits for various ailments.

Advertisement for L.S.L. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000. We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person examine and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate with fac-simile of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

President Louisiana National Bank. J. H. OGLESBY. President State National Bank. P. LANAU. President New Orleans National Bank. A. H. BALDWIN.

Advertisement for Louisiana State Lottery Company. CAPITAL PRIZE \$150,000. Notice. Tickets are \$10 only. Halves, \$5. Fifths \$2. Tenth \$1.

REMEMBER that the presence of the General Board of Health, in a summary of absolute fairness and integrity, that the drawing will be held on the 23rd of February, 1887, at 10 o'clock, P. M., at the Louisiana State Lottery Company, New Orleans, Louisiana. M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.

Advertisement for Nebraska National Bank. OMAHA, NEBRASKA. Paid up Capital, \$250,000. Surplus, \$40,000. H. W. Yates, President. A. E. Touzalin, Vice President.

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Advertisement for THE Tremont, J. C. FITZGERALD & SON, Proprietors. Cor. 4th and F Sts., Lincoln, Neb. Rates \$1.00 per day. Streets cars from house to any part of the city.

Advertisement for Live Stock Auctioneer. Sales made in all parts of the U. S. at fair rates. Rooms 3, State Block, Lincoln, Neb. Galloway and Short Horn bulls for sale.

Advertisement for National Hotel. Located in Lincoln at the corner of 10th and F streets. A good dinner for 25c. F. EDWARDS Prop.

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Attained by The Misfit Parlors has and still seems to baffle competition. The success is no secret with their patrons, as they are thoroughly versant with the goods which they handle, also with the courteous treatment and practical judgment they display in looking to the interest of those who become their patrons for wearing apparel for man, in furnishing Mechanical Made Clothing at such prices that competition fails to find an avenue of approach. Their intentions for the future will be as that of the past to hold what trade they control, and secure as much more by furnishing Merchant Tailor Made Clothing at prices less than the consumer can procure the raw material for. There still remains in their stock a few of those elegant

Advertisement for OVERCOATS and PANTALOONS. Which can be bought for the next few days at your own price. Also will be found an equal assortment of

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Advertisement for BELLE OF BOURBON. LAWRENCE OSTROM & CO. FAMOUS "BELLE OF BOURBON" OF BOURBON. Is Death to Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Typhoid Fever, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Surgical Fevers, Blood Poisoning.

Advertisement for THE GREAT APPETIZER. This will certify that I have examined the BELLE OF BOURBON WHISKY, received from LAWRENCE OSTROM & CO., and found the same to be perfectly free from Fused Oil and all other deleterious substances and strictly pure. J. P. HANCOCK, M. D., Analytical Chemist, Louisville, Ky.

Advertisement for WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR CHARTER OAK STOVES & RANGES. There is not a cooking apparatus made using the Solid Oven Door, but that the loss in weight of meat is from ten to twenty per cent. of the meat roasted. In other words, a rib of beef, weighing ten pounds if cooked medium to rare will weigh only seven pounds if roasted in the Charter Oak Range using the Wire Gauze Oven Door. There is no loss of one pound.